

#### LibreOffice Online: Deep Dive

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**Collabora Productivity** 



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#### LibreOffice Online

#### Calc with comment and graph



#### Writer tables and context menu



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#### Overview

- Moving Online
  - With benefits comes challenges
  - Flexibility, mobility, availability
- Architecture
  - Self-serving Web-Services Daemon
  - One process per document
  - Process isolation (Jailing)
  - Flexible document storage integration
- Challenges
  - Fast, Interactive Rendering
  - Scalability

# Moving Online



## Moving Online

- Leverage LO Core
- Flexibility, mobility, availability
- With benefits comes challenges
  - Designing for low latency
  - Designing for high-scalability



## Architecture



#### Architecture





#### **Design Features**

- Self-serving Web-Services Daemon
  - Powered by LibreOffice Core (see Miklos's talk from yesterday)
  - One process per document
  - Collaborative Editing
  - Process isolation (Jailing)
  - Flexible document storage integration
- Web UI
  - JavaScript-powered UI
  - Portable, supports all major browsers
  - Built on top of, and extending, Leaflet: mapping UI
  - Integrates with ownCloud/nextCloud, more to come

#### **Tiled Rendering**

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#### **Tiled Rendering**

- Tiles are internally queued and rendered synchronously
- Tiles are rendered once until invalidated
  - Rendering queue removes redundant request
  - Tiles are cached
  - Clients are served once tile is rendered and cached
- Tiles can be rendered in large blocks for better performance
  - Images might need rescaling for each tile
- Clients may cancel previously requested tiles, f.e. when the user jumps to a different page

#### New Document Load



#### Protocol

- Client → Server
  - Plain-text commands
  - All-lower command-names
  - Space-separated command arguments
- Server → Client
  - Plain-text responses
  - Only tiles have binary payload
  - JSON payloads for complex data

#### Protocol

- LO Core Kit Events
  - Plain-text events
  - Payloads space-separated fields or JSON
  - Events queued and pushed on idle
  - Event queue combines and de-duplicates events
  - Pull-model: Clients receive notification and is free to request data, or ignore
    - Possibly push out tiles proactively to reduce latency

#### LO Core Event Handling

- Two callbacks are registered with LO Kit
  - Global Callbacks: Handles document-specific events, such as status indicator.
  - View Callbacks: All interesting document activity is reported on this callback
- LO Core caches events and fires on Idle
  - Events are deduplicated and compressed
  - Events are queued up during an API call to better compress

### Life-cycle of a Change

- Part 1: Input
  - 1)User enters modifying input (ex. Key press)
  - 2)LOLeaflet forwards the input to WSD
  - 3)WSD forwards to the respective LOKit process
  - 4)LOKit invokes respective LO Core API
  - 5)LO Core modifies document, does composition and layouting
  - 6)LO Core issues invalidation events on LOKit callbacks
  - 7)LOKit forwards events to WSD
  - 8)WSD forwards events to the UI

### Life-cycle of a Change

• Part 2: Update

1)UI issues requests for fresh tiles

- 2)WSD forwards tile requests to LOKit
- 3)LOKit invokes tile rendering API, compresses result to PNG
- 4)LOKit sends tile response with PNG payload to WSD
- 5)WSD forwards to the UI
- 6)UI renders the new tile



### Threading

- Internally there is a single LO Kit instance with potentially multiple views
- Each client socket runs on dedicated thread
- But internally calls on LO Kit instance is synchronized
  - SetView called before invoking an API



Scalability



#### Benchmarking with LoolStress

- We need numbers to tune and optimize Online
- LoolStress is a built-in tool to:
  - Can replay any session with timing precision
    - Recording is enabled via config in WSD
  - Can run a standard benchmark to collect stats in consumable numbers:

Latency best: 16369 microsecs, 95th percentile: 26837 microsecs. Tile best: 13144 microsecs, rendering 95th percentile: 14933 microsecs.

Cached best: 187 microsecs, tile 95th percentile: 318 microsecs.

Rendering power: 4.77605 MPixels/sec.

Cache power: 258.016 MPixels/sec.



#### Thank You



